

Evaluating Algebraic Expressions



Level 1 - Evaluate simple algebraic expressions

Level 2 - Evaluate more complex algebraic expressions

An **algebraic expression** is like a recipe: it tells you how to combine numbers and variables. To **evaluate** an expression means to **find its value** when the variable is replaced with a given number.

Steps:

1. Substitute the number in place of the variable.
2. Follow the order of operations (PEMDAS: Parentheses, Exponents, Multiply/Divide, Add/Subtract).

Evaluate the following expressions when $x = 4$, $y = 6$ and $a = -1$.		
<u>Example #1</u>	<u>Example #2</u>	<u>Example #3</u>
$\frac{x + 8}{y}$	$2x + y$	$2(a + x) - y$
$= \frac{(4) + 8}{6}$ $= \frac{12}{6}$ <div style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">2</div>	$= 2(4) + 6$ $= 8 + 6$ <div style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">14</div>	$= 2(-1 + 4) - 6$ $= 2(3) - 6$ <div style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px; width: fit-content; margin: 0 auto;">0</div>

Remember:

- Always substitute carefully. Put parentheses around the number you plug in.
- Use PEMDAS to keep operations in the right order.
- You may have seen other acronyms that mean the same thing
 - BEDMAS, BIDMAS, BODMAS, etc...
- Double-check with a calculator if the arithmetic looks messy.